SAFETY DATA SHEET

WATTYL PARACRYL IF540 PART B

201779

	201779		
Section 1. Ider	ntification		
Product name	: WATTYL PARACRYL IF540 PART B		
Product type	: Liquid.		
	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
	Manufacturer : VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED 4-14 Patiki Road, Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	+(64)98010034 (Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds@sherwin.com		
Section 2. Haz	zards identification		
HSNO Classification	 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category D 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) 6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category C 		
This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.			
2012 Transport of Dang	d as DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: jerous Goods on Land.		
GHS label elements			
Signal word	: Warning		
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 		
Precautionary statem	<u>ients</u>		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions		

Prevention
 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

 Response : IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical advice/attention.
 Storage : Store locked up. Store in cool/well-ventilated place.
 Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Symbol



result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
CAS number/other identifiers		
Product code	:	201779

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	31.3	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6.4	108-65-6
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	4.1	64742-95-6
1-Butanol	2.5	71-36-3
trimethylbenzene	2.2	25551-13-7
Xylene, mixed isomers	0.3	1330-20-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	rst aid measures
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.

Section 4. First aid measures

: May be harmful if swallowed.
•
: Causes mild skin irritation.
: Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>toms</u>
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
: Not available.
: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	ry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog)	or foam.
Not suitable	t use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	e container may burst, with the risk vier than air and will spread along the fined areas or travel a considerable Runoff to sewer may create fire or atic life with long lasting effects. Fir	heated, a pressure increase will occur of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas ne ground. Vapors may accumulate in low distance to a source of ignition and flash explosion hazard. This material is harmful re water contaminated with this material eing discharged to any waterway, sewer or
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	nposition products may include the ז ו dioxide ו monoxide	following materials:
Hazchem code	ailable.	
Special precautions for fire- fighters	s a fire. No action shall be taken in	Il persons from the vicinity of the incident if volving any personal risk or without re area if this can be done without risk. tainers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		ective equipment and self-contained ce-piece operated in positive pressure

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
n-Butyl Acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acet	tate	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.		
		STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.		
1-Butanol		NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). Absorbed through skin. WES-Ceiling: 50 ppm WES-Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³		
trimethylbenzene		NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Xylene, mixed isomers		NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering con contaminants below any recommer	Use process enclosures, local exhaust trols to keep worker exposure to airborne nded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive ion equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en equipment will be necessary to redu	process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some igineering modifications to the process uce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measur Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face the eating, smoking and using the laval Appropriate techniques should be u	oroughly after handling chemical products, before tory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. e reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and rkstation location.		
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.			
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
Eye protection	assessment indicates this is necess gases or dusts. If contact is possib	approved standard should be used when a risk sary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, le, the following protection should be worn, higher degree of protection: chemical splash		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Not available.
Odor	1	Not available.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	117°C (242.6°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	1	1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 0.7% Upper: 13.1%
Vapor pressure	1	1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	1	2.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	1	1.03
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	1	Not applicable.
Heat of combustion	1	15.357 kJ/g
Ignition distance	1	Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	:	Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	:	Not applicable.
Flame height	:	Not applicable.
Flame duration	:	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure				
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled.		
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed.		
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation.		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Symptoms related to the physical sector of the sector sect	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics		
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	mg 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	mg 8 hours 60 uL	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-

Page: 8/13

Sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General	No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards
Inhalation	No known significant effects or crit	
	•	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or crit	lical nazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Teratogenicity	Suspected of damaging the unbor	n child.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Fertility effects	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
Chronic toxicity		
Not available.		
Carcinogenicity		
Not available.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category B	Oral Inhalation	Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons trimethylbenzene	lame

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	4990.52 mg/kg
Dermal	134054.99 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	509.82 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.8 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potentialProduct/ingredient nameLogPowBCFPotentialLight Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Xylene, mixed isomers-10 to 2500
8.1 to 25.9high
low

<u>Mobi</u>	<u>lity</u>	in	soil	
- ···				

Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc)
Other adverse effects

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Marine Pollutant
New Zealand Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	111	PLANALE	No.
ADG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
UN Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		×	No.
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			Not a pollutant.

Additional		
information		
New Zealand Class	-	
ADG Class	-	
UN Class	-	
ADR/RID Class	T	unnel code D/E
IATA Class	-	
IMDG Class	E	mergency schedules F-E, S-E
PG* : Packing group		
NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code	:	Not available.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises

ecial precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002662
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface coatings and colourants
HSNO Classification	 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category D 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) 6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category C

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 23, April, 2021.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23, April, 2021
Date of previous issue	: 16, October, 2020
Version	: 5.01
Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary

Section 16. Other information

for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.